English Language Arts Long Term Transfer Goals

Transfer goals highlight the effective uses of understanding, knowledge, and skill that we seek in the long run; i.e., what we want students to be able to do when they confront new challenges – both in and outside of school.

Students will be able to independently use their learning to:

- 1. Comprehend and evaluate complex texts across a range of types and disciplines.
- 2. Be a critical consumer of text and other media to recognize, understand, and appreciate multiple perspectives and cultures
- 3. Produce writing to address task, purpose, perspective, and intended audience; research and gather evidence to create a clear and coherent message
- 4. Communicate effectively for varied purposes and audiences.
- 5. Listen actively to engage in a range of conversations, to analyze and synthesize idea and positions, and to evaluate accuracy in order to learn, reflect, and respond.

Big Ideas	Essential Questions
Effective readers use appropriate strategies to construct	How do strategic readers create meaning from informational and literary text?
meaning.	What is this text really about?
	How do readers know what to believe?
	How does what readers read influence how they should read it?
	How does a reader's purpose influence how text should be read?
Critical thinkers actively and skillfully interpret, analyze,	How do readers know what to believe in what they read, hear, and view?
evaluate, and synthesize information.	How does interaction with text provoke thinking and response?
Active listeners make meaning from what they hear by	What do good listeners do?
questioning, reflecting, responding, and evaluating.	How do active listeners make meaning?
	How do active listeners know what to believe in what they hear?
Effective speakers prepare and communicate messages to	How do task, purpose, and audience influence how speakers craft and deliver a message?
address the audience and purpose.	How do speakers employ language and utilize resources to effectively communicate a message?
Effective research requires the use of varied resources to gain	What does a reader look for and how can s/he find it?
or expand knowledge.	How does a reader know a source can be trusted?
	How does one organize and synthesize information from various sources?
	How does one best present findings?
Audience and purpose influence a writer's choice of	What makes clear and effective writing?
organizational pattern, language, and literary techniques.	Why do writers write? What is the purpose?
	Who is the audience? What will work best for the audience?
Rules of grammar and language conventions support clarity of	How do learners make decisions concerning formal and informal language in social and academic
communications between writers/speakers and	settings?
readers/listeners.	How do grammar and the conventions of language influence spoken and written communication?
An expanded vocabulary enhances one's ability to express	Why learn new words?
ideas and information.	What strategies and resources does the learner use to figure out unknown vocabulary?
	How does one develop and refine vocabulary?